Sociological review of the consequences of the social capital on social security in the city of Zahedan in 2016

ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study was sociological review of the consequences of the social capital on social security in the city of Zahedan in 2016. The statistical community includes 112399 residents of the district - 2 of Zahedan municipality; sample size is based on Cochran formula and includes 382 persons who were selected through simple random sampling and to increase the accuracy of the results and the probability of incomplete questionnaires, and also to decrease the number of subjects, by calculating 15 percent more, the final number of the sample was 439 persons and data analysis was performed based on 430 questionnaires. The instrument used in this study is researcher made questionnaire based on Lickert scale. In data analysis section, the frequency distribution table was used in the descriptive analysis and Pearson correlation test was used in inferential analysis. The concluded results from Pearson correlation analysis among the research variables showed that there is a positive and significant relationship (P<%5) between social capital and social security and also there is a positive and significant relationship between social participation and social security; there is also a significant and positive relationship between vertical social capital and social security, and in general these results showed that the increase in social capital will increase the social security increase. The findings showed that social capital has a direct influence on the social security.

Keywords:
Horizontal social capital, vertical social capital, social security, social trust, social participation, Zahedan city